

Timothy Rowan-Robinson [REDACTED]

South East Anglia Link

Dear Secretary of State,

SEA LINK, LIONLINK AND VALUE FOR MONEY FOR CONSUMERS

I am writing as a resident of East Suffolk, increasingly concerned about the way that Energy Companies are being allowed to progress ill considered plans. There has never been consideration of the impact of all the different proposals on the economy of this area, alternative solutions have not been considered, objections from local communities have been ignored and the cost of projects is consistently underestimated with inevitable consequences for tax payers and/or energy bills.

Following your letter of 28 August requesting further information from several parties in relation to the Sea Link DCO, I feel compelled to write in light of two recent and significant reports from Ofgem and the National Audit Office, which raise serious questions about the cost, deliverability and value for money of Sea Link and, more widely, the effectiveness of the current regulatory approach in protecting consumers.

I welcome the Government's commitment to reducing household energy costs. With billions of pounds being invested in energy infrastructure, it is essential that projects are necessary, proportionate and provide genuine value for money for consumers.

I note the recent National Audit Office (NAO) report, **Value for Money – Upgrading the Electricity Transmission Network**, dated 11/09/26. The NAO highlights weaknesses in the existing system which need to be addressed if the Great Grid Upgrade is to provide value for money, including the need for stronger oversight, transparent monitoring and sufficient regulatory capability to scrutinise costs. Importantly, the NAO recommends that Ofgem assess the effectiveness of its regulatory approach in protecting consumers while supporting rapid delivery of network upgrades.

These concerns are particularly relevant to **Sea Link**, the proposed 2GW transmission project through East Suffolk.

Ofgem has now assessed Sea Link at approximately **£3.2 billion – around three times the cost presented during the DCO examination.**

This raises serious concerns about the reliability and transparency of the information presented during that Examination. **National Grid presented an estimated project cost of approximately £1.1 billion, despite SEAS challenging that figure and presenting evidence that the true cost was likely to be around £3.2 billion. Ofgem has now assessed Sea Link at approximately £3.2 billion, broadly confirming the figure put forward by SEAS.** The £1.1 billion figure presented during the Examination therefore proved wholly unrealistic. It is deeply concerning that a project of this scale

was examined without decision-makers and affected communities being given a realistic assessment of its likely cost.

The circumstances underpinning Sea Link's original need have also changed. Sea Link was developed around an assumed **1,852MW export deficit at Friston**, associated with the proposed Nautilus interconnector. Nautilus was subsequently relocated away from Friston before the Sea Link application was submitted, reducing the apparent deficit to approximately **352MW**.

Ofgem has also identified unresolved harmonic issues which may require additional works elsewhere on the transmission network before Sea Link can operate compliantly at its intended 2GW capacity. The precise scope and location of these works have yet to be determined. In addition, identified reinforcement between Richborough and Canterbury in Kent is excluded from NGET's current £3.2 billion Project Assessment submission.

This raises a fundamental question: **what is the true need and total cost to consumers of delivering Sea Link?**

During the DCO examination, Suffolk Energy Action Solutions (SEAS) identified an alternative based on upgrading and reconductoring existing pylon corridors, estimated to cost **under £300 million**, potentially saving consumers approaching **£3 billion**.

The NAO's concerns about consumer protection must also prompt renewed scrutiny of **LionLink**, National Grid Ventures' proposed commercial multipurpose interconnector affecting the Suffolk coast. LionLink is not part of the Great Grid Upgrade. Ofgem expects LionLink to operate predominantly as an **export route from Great Britain to the Netherlands**, increasing GB wholesale electricity prices compared with the position without LionLink.

Given the NAO's recommendations, I urge the Government to require an **independent and transparent reassessment of the economic need and consumer case for LionLink against current 2026 evidence**, rather than continuing to regard that case as established by the 2024 regulatory decision.

I support offshore wind and the transition to Net Zero. However, achieving Net Zero should not mean accepting unnecessary expenditure or successive major infrastructure projects without establishing whether there are **cheaper, better coordinated and less environmentally damaging alternatives**.

The energy transition needs public support. That support will be much stronger if people can see that Government is challenging unnecessary expenditure, protecting consumers and ensuring that the infrastructure being built is genuinely needed.

Before consumers and communities are committed to these projects, I therefore ask the Government to ensure that:

- **Sea Link's cheaper alternative is properly and independently assessed;**
- **LionLink's economic and consumer case is reassessed using current evidence; and**
- **coordinated offshore solutions and better use of existing infrastructure are fully considered.**

Thank you for your consideration.

Yours sincerely,

Tim Rowan-Robinson

